

EPHEMERIS

The official newsletter of the Prescott Astronomy Club (PAC) *e-phem-er-is*: a time-based listing of future positions of solar system objects

October 2022

UPCOMING EVENTS

Saturday, October 1 - Astronomy Day - Bringing Astronomy to the People. For a FREE 76 page Astronomy Day Handbook full of ideas and suggestions on hosting an event, go to astroleague.org, Click on "Astronomy Day", Scroll down to "Free Astronomy Day Handbook".



Tuesday, October 4 - Regular PAC meeting @ 6:00 PM at Prescott Public Library Founder's Suite hosted by Art Arnold-Roksandich. This will be a hybrid meeting with both in-person and Zoom. Registration is not necessary. The URL link for Zoom is on the new website and included in the email reminder sent to the membership.

NOTE: THIS MONTH'S MEETING IS ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, not the usual first Wednesday of the month.

Dr. David Williams, Research Professor, Arizona State University, will present "ASU Explores the Solar System". Arizona State University (Phoenix), and the University of Arizona (Tucson), have been two of the top universities with planetary science programs for the last 40 years. ASU has traditionally focused on planetary geology, and many of their faculty have been involved with NASA planetary missions going back to the Apollo Program of the 1960-70s. Dr. David Williams' talk will focus around the current missions that ASU faculty and students are involved in, that explore the planets, moons, and asteroids of our Solar System.

Sunday, October 16 - Club Member Star Party @ Dave Covey's home. Details are still being finalized. Email updates will follow.

Friday, October 21 - Public star party @ 6:30 PM at the Prescott Valley Civic Center Greenspace. Although walk-ins are welcome, pre-registration at pvlib.net/register is preferred. See appendix for additional details.

Friday, October 28 - Starry Nights public star party @ 5:30 PM at the Highland Center for Natural History, Prescott.

NEW EDITOR FOR PAC EPHEMERIS NEWSLETTER

David Viscio, Editor

Hilary Legacy, new club member, has stepped forward and volunteered to be the new Ephemeris editor effective for the January 2023 edition. For almost 13 years I have contributed to the club as the newsletter editor. I look forward to helping Hilary as this responsibility transitions to her and seeing what personal touches and improvements she makes to the newsletter. Please thank Hilary for taking on this important task.

FOMALHAUT: NOT SO LONELY AFTER ALL

David Prosper

Fall evenings bring a prominent visitor to southern skies for Northern Hemisphere observers: the bright star Fomalhaut! Sometimes called "The Autumn Star," Fomalhaut appears unusually distant from other bright stars



in its section of sky, leading to its other nickname: "The Loneliest Star." Since this star appears so low and lonely over the horizon for many observers, is so bright and often wildly twinkles from atmospheric turbulence, Fomalhaut's brief but bright seasonal appearance often inspires a few startled UFO reports. While definitely out of this world – Fomalhaut is about 25 light years distant from us – it has been extensively studied and is a fascinating, and very identified, stellar object.

Fomalhaut appears solitary, but it does in fact have company. Fomalhaut's entourage includes two stellar companions, both of which keep their distance but are still gravitationally bound. Fomalhaut B (aka TW Piscis Austrini, not to be confused with former planetary candidate Fomalhaut b*), is an orange dwarf star almost a light year distant from its parent star (Fomalhaut A), and Fomalhaut C (aka LP 876-10), a red dwarf star located a little over 3 light years from Fomalhaut A! Surprisingly far from its parent star – even from our view on Earth, Fomalhaut C lies in the constellation Aquarius, while Fomalhaut A and B lie in Piscis Australis, another constellation! – studies of Fomalhaut C confirm it as the third stellar member of the Fomalhaut system, its immense distance still within Fomalhaut A's gravitational influence. So, while not truly "lonely," Fomalhaut A's companions do keep their distance.

Fomalhaut's most famous feature is a massive and complex disc of debris spanning many billions of miles in diameter. This disc was first detected by NASA's IRAS space telescope in the 1980s, and first imaged in visible light by Hubble in 2004. Studies by additional advanced telescopes, based both on Earth's surface and in space, show the debris around Fomalhaut to be differentiated into several "rings" or "belts" of different sizes and types of materials. Complicating matters further, the disc is not centered on the star itself, but on a point approximately 1.4 billion miles away, or half a billion miles further from Fomalhaut than Saturn

is from our own Sun! In the mid-2000s a candidate planetary body was imaged by Hubble and named Fomalhaut b. However, Fomalhaut b was observed to slowly fade over multiple years of observations, and its trajectory appeared to take it out of the system, which is curious behavior for a planet. Scientists now suspect that Hubble observed the shattered debris of a recent violent collision between two 125-mile wide bodies, their impact driving the remains of the now decidedly non-planetary Fomalhaut b out of the system! Interestingly enough, Fomalhaut A isn't the only star in its system to host a dusty disc; Fomalhaut C also hosts a disc, detected by the Herschel Space Observatory in 2013. Despite their distance, the two stars may be exchanging material between their discs - including comets! Their co-mingling may help to explain the elliptical nature of both of the stars' debris discs. The odd one out, Fomalhaut B does not possess a debris disc of its own, but may host at least one suspected planet.

While Hubble imaged the infamous "imposter planet" of Fomalhaut b, very few planets have been directly imaged by powerful telescopes, but NASA's James Webb Space Telescope will soon change that. In fact, Webb will be imaging Fomalhaut and its famous disc in the near future, and its tremendous power is sure to tease out more amazing discoveries from its dusty grains. You can learn about the latest discoveries from Webb and NASA's other amazing missions at <u>nasa.gov</u>.



Sky map of the southern facing sky for mid-latitude Northern Hemisphere observers. With Fomalhaut lying so low for many observers, its fellow member stars in the constellation Piscis Australis won't be easily visible for many without aid due to a combination of light pollution and atmospheric extinction

(thick air dimming the light from the stars). Fomalhaut is by far the brightest star in its constellation, and is one of the brightest stars in the night sky. While the dim constellations of Aquarius and Capricorn may also not be visible to many without aid, they are outlined here. While known as the "Loneliest Star," you can see that Fomalhaut has two relatively close and bright visitors this year: Jupiter and Saturn! Illustration created with assistance from Stellarium.



The magnificent and complex dust disc of the Fomalhaut system (left) with the path and dissolution of former planetary candidate Fomalhaut b displayed in detail (right). Image credits: NASA, ESA, and A. Gáspár and G. Rieke (University of Arizona)

Source: <u>https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2020/exoplanet-apparently-disappears-in-latest-hubble-observations</u>

WHAT'S HAPPENING IN OCTOBER 2022

This calendar from In-The-Sky.org shows the objects and events visible during October 2022.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
						1
						136472 Makemake at solar conjunction
						M110 is well placed
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
M32 is well placed	NGC 253 is well placed	The Moon at perigee	Conjunction of the Moon and	October Camelopardalid	The Moon at aphelion	Mercury at dichotomy
M31 is well placed		SMC is well placed	Saturn Close approach	meteor shower 2022	NGC 362 is well placed	Conjunction of the Moon and
Moon at First Quarter			of the Moon and Saturn	Mercury at perihelion		Jupiter Mercury at
Quarter			NGC 300 is well placed			greatest elongation west
						Close approach of the Moon and Jupiter
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Draconid meteor shower 2022	Southern Taurid meteor shower 2022	δ-Aurigid meteor shower 2022	Close approach of the Moon and Uranus		Close approach of the Moon and Mars	M33 is well placed
Mercury at highest altitude in morning sky			Lunar occultation of Uranus		Conjunction of the Moon and Mars	
Full Moon	17	18	19	20	21	22
10	The Moon at	ε-Geminid	15		Orionid meteor	Venus at
	apogee	meteor shower 2022			shower 2022	superior solar conjunction
	Quarter	L				Saturn ends retrograde
	opposition					motion
						136108 Haumea at solar conjunction
23	24 Leonis Minorid meteor shower 2022	25	26	27	28	29
		New Moon	NGC 869 is well placed	The Moon at		The Moon at
		Partial solar eclipse		NGC 884 is well placed		pengee
30	31					
Mars enters retrograde motion						

For additional information and details, see: <u>https://in-the-sky.org/newscal.php</u> and <u>www.telescopius.com</u>. Observing lists of monthly 'Binocular' and 'Telescope' Showpieces can be found on the club website.

CALL FOR ASTRO-IMAGES

David Viscio, editor

I request all astrophotographer members of the club submit examples of their astro-images to share with club members by inclusion in the Ephemeris. Images can be sent to me at pkmist@gmail.com. Please include description of equipment, cameras, image capture parameters and processing.

NEED TO KNOW - ASK A MEMBER

A 15-minute segment is being added to the regular general meetings where members can have their 'burning' questions answered by other knowledgeable members. If you have an astronomy related question you would like explained, submit the question to Art Arnold-Roksandich p@prescottastronomyclub.org. You can also bring up the question at the meeting.

FOR SALE

As a member of PAC, you may use the groups.io/g/pacinfo message board to post notices of items for sale. It is easy to signup. Go to groups.io/g/pacinfo. Click on "Apply for Membership to This Group". Fill in your email address and click on "Confirm Email Address". You should get a return email by the next day. You can update your profile for a daily digest or no email notices at all. You can go anytime to groups.io/g/pacinfo to check out what other people are doing.



New items are added now and then, so don't miss out on something that you would like to get for yourself...or a friend.

PAC MENTORS

If you need advice on the purchase of astronomy equipment, setting up



equipment, astrophotography, etc., contact a PAC mentor.

Open - Astrophotography David Viscio - General & Astrophotography - (928) 775-2918 Greg Lutes - Visual Observing - (928) 445-4430 Joel Cohen - Beginner's Astronomy: Selecting & Using a Telescope - (856) 889-6496

OBSERVING LISTS

Observing lists are available in PDF format on the PAC website to provide guidance and goals for visual and astrophotography programs.

Astroleague Lunar 100	Binocular Showpieces			
Bright Nebulae	Caldwell			
Dunlop 100	Face-On Spiral Galaxies			
Globular Clusters	Herschel 400			
Herschel II	Hidden Treasures			
Messier	Open Clusters			
Planet Maps	Planetary Nebulae			
Royal Astronomical Society of Canada Finest NGC				
Saguaro Astronomy Club Best NGC	S&T Lunar 100			
Telescope Showpieces	The Secret Deep			

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PAC WEBSITE

Website: <u>http://www.prescottastronomyclub.org</u> E-mail: <u>pacinfo@prescottastronomyclub.org</u>



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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A QUARTET OF GLOBULAR CLUSTERS

Image Credit: David B. Viscio



Stellarvue SV115 triplet apo refractor with 0.8x focal reducer/flattener (640mm FL, f/5.6) Paramount MX German equatorial mount Canon 60Da DSLR 60-second sub-exposures 60 light frames, 60 dark frames, 60 flat frames, 60 dark flat frames Frames stacked in Deep Sky Stacker Images optimization in Adobe Photoshop CS6

